



Department
for Environment
Food & Rural Affairs

Information for livestock stakeholders

Livestock exports or movements to the EU and Northern Ireland from Great Britain from 2021 – changes to the country code displayed on livestock ear tags

Issued: November 2020

ID tags for livestock moved from GB to the EU or Northern Ireland (Options from 1 January 2021)

From 1 January 2021, the UK will trade with the EU as a third country.

New rules for entry into the EU of certain animals and products including livestock will also apply then.

This means that we will have to use a different country code to identify livestock exported to EU Member States.

The UK currently uses the visual code 'UK' in accordance with EU rules for Member States. From 2021, we will need to include a the ISO¹ country code 'GB' for animals intended for export to the EU.

EU Health Certificates for imports of animals from third countries must show individual ID, type of ID used and the ISO country code GB.

Under the Northern Ireland Protocol, movements of these live animals from Great Britain to Northern Ireland will also need to meet these requirements.

¹ *International Standardisation Organisation*

Options from 1 January 2021

For **cattle, sheep, or goats**

- *For animals already identified (i.e. with UK tags) - an additional ear tag showing 'GB' followed by the animal's existing individual ID number*

or

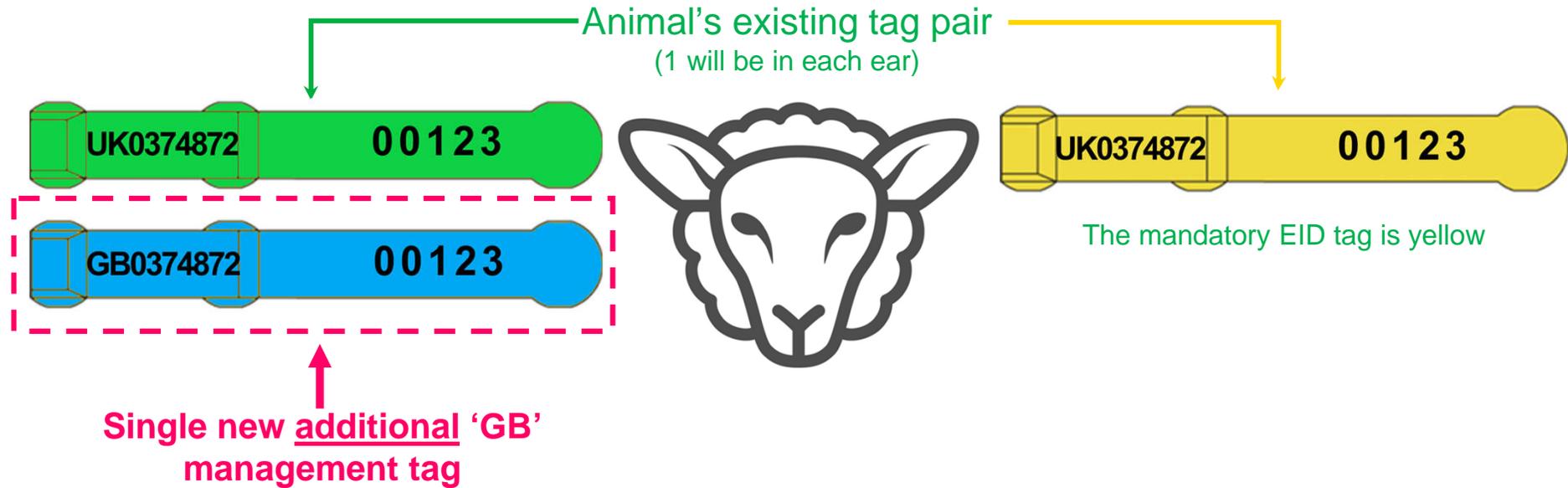
- *For new-born as yet unidentified animals – apply tags(s) with the GB suffix displayed after UK and the animal's ID number.*

For **pigs**

- The existing requirement for a single export tag or ear tattoo is unchanged – but you must now apply a tag with the GB suffix displayed after UK and the animal's herd + ID number.

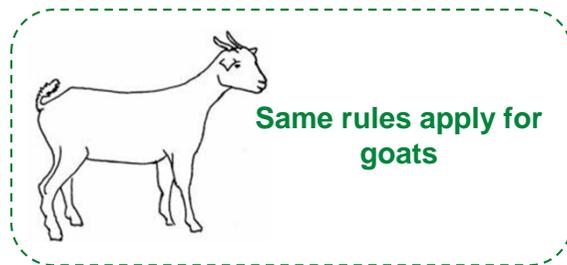
So what does this look like in practice . . . ?

Sheep – already identified with a UK tag pair



(No prescription as to colour other than it shouldn't be yellow – reserved for UK EID tags)

- ❑ Same 12 digit individual no. printed on all the tags following the visual country code (in this case: 0 37842 00123)
- ❑ An EID chip in the yellow tag contains the same number – preceded by the '826' (the ISO numeric code for UK or GB)
- ❑ This illustration uses loop tags other types (e.g. flag or button) are available.

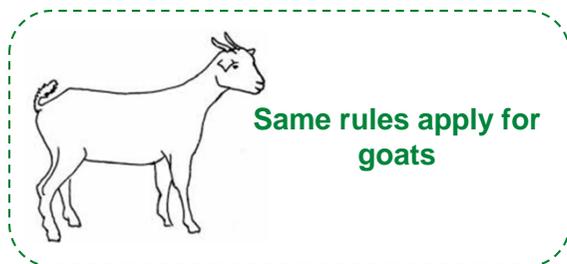


Sheep – not already identified

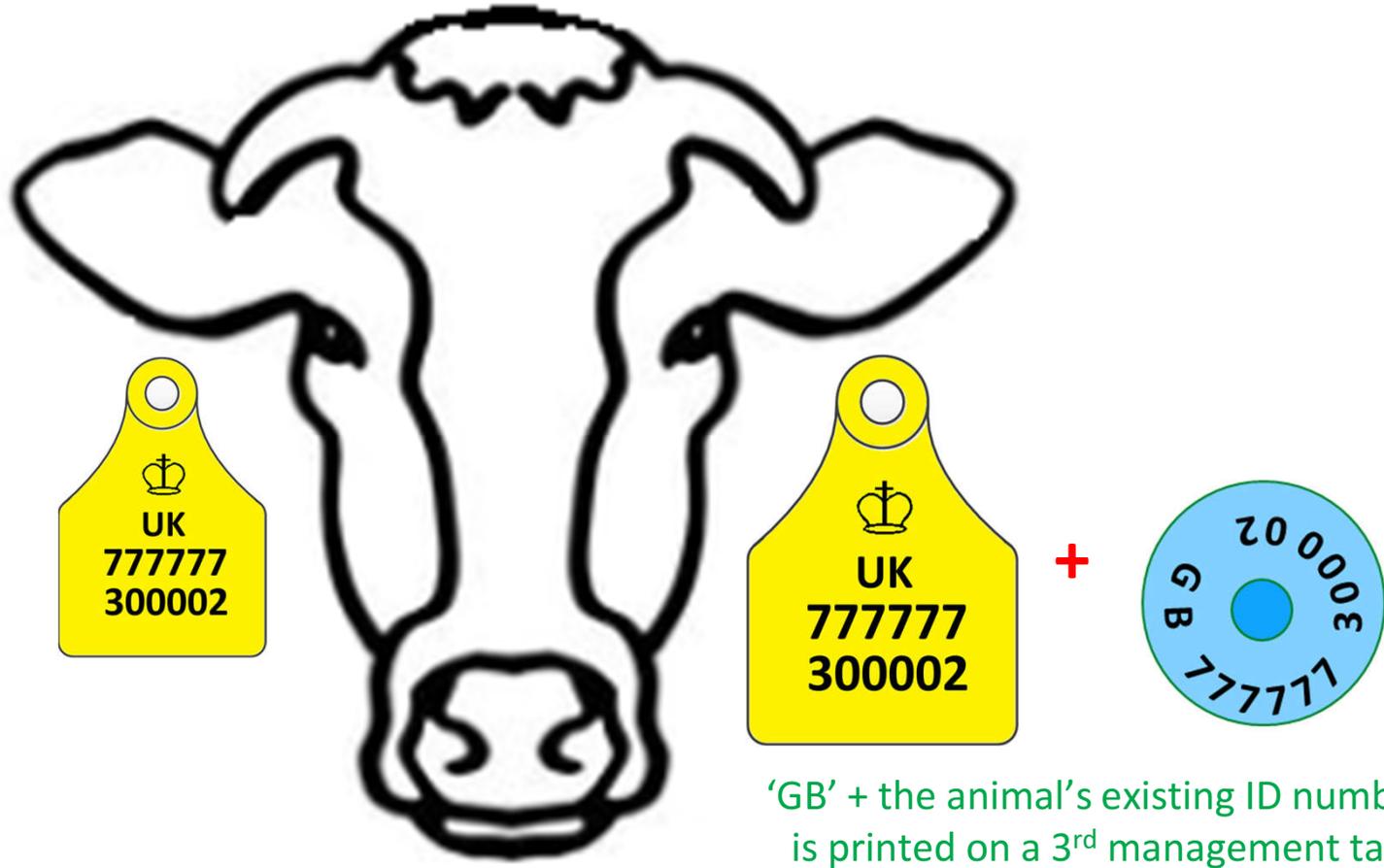
(or lambs being upgraded from the slaughter/batch tag)



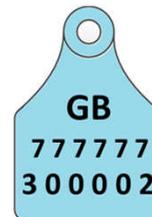
- ❑ Same 12 digit individual number (in this case: 0 37842 00123) printed on both tags - between the two visual country codes. An EID chip in the yellow tag contains the same number – preceded by the '826' (the ISO numeric code for UK and GB)
- ❑ For lambs upgraded away from the birth holding both the tags must be **red** – a visual indicator that their original ID was replaced after leaving the birth holding. (To be recorded in the replacing keeper's holding register).
- ❑ This illustration uses loop tags other types (e.g. flag or button) are available.



Cattle – *already* identified with a UK tag pair



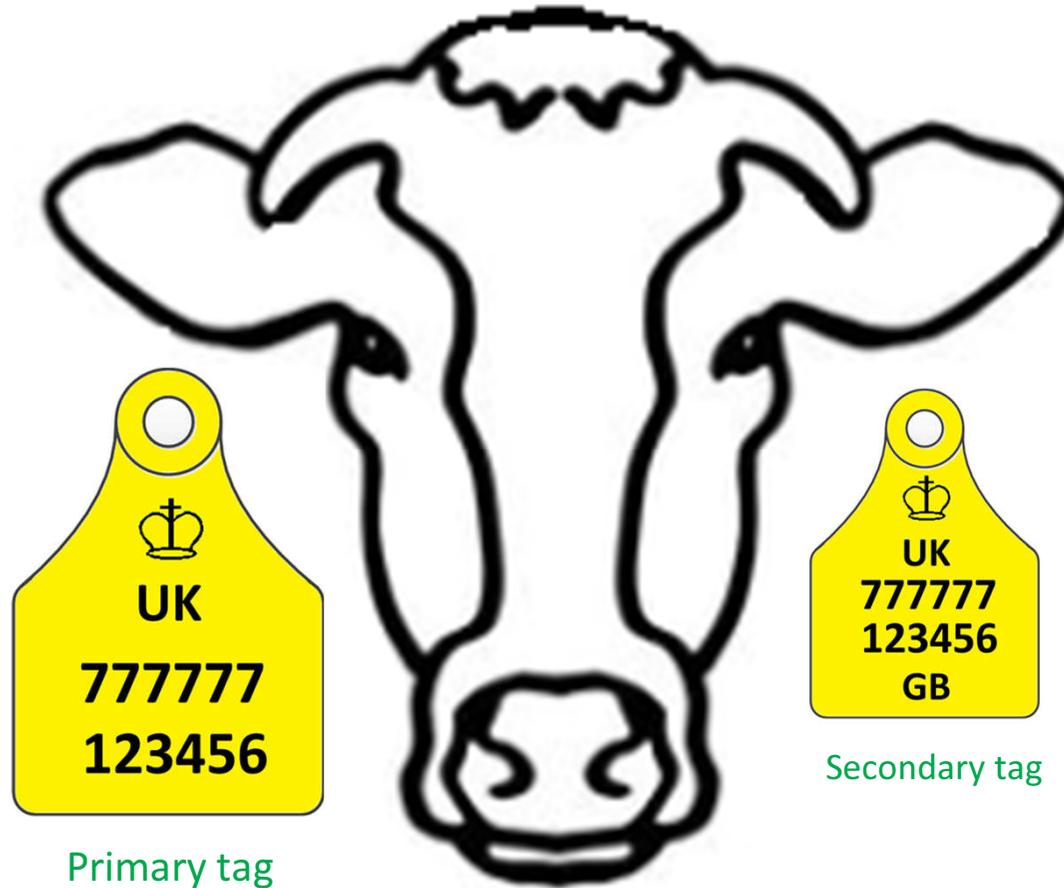
'GB' is printed on a 3rd management tag along with the animal's existing ID number



Button and flag tag options



Cattle – not already identified with UK tags



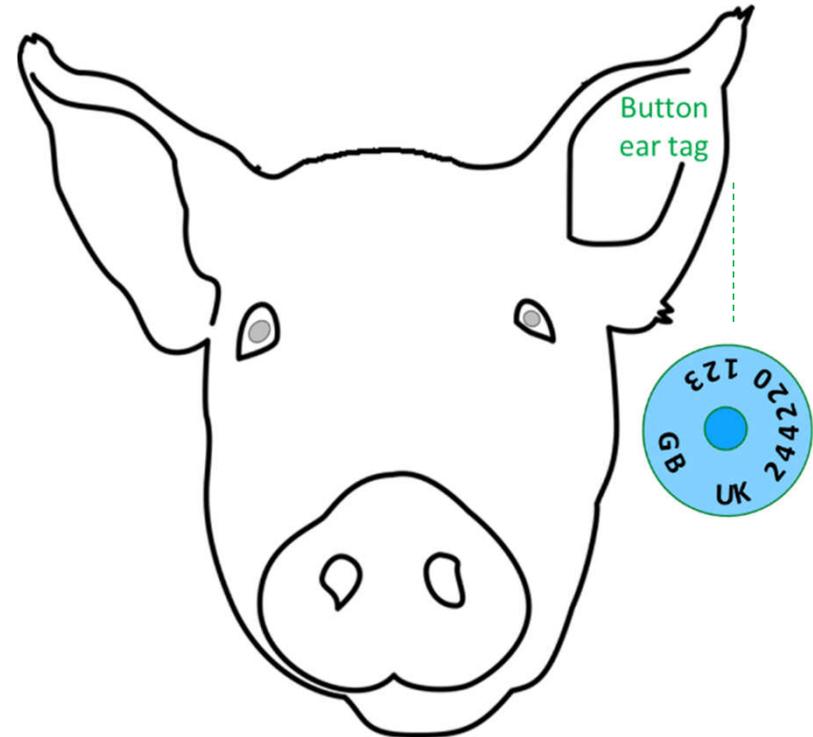
Pigs

Most pigs are batch identified with:

- double slap marks
(one on each front shoulder) displaying an alpha-numeric herd mark e.g. AB1234, or a single ear tag displaying this mark
- Some may have been *individually* identified if moving to shows or AI Centres (e.g. AB1234 – 9).

Export pigs are presently identified with a (single) ear tag displaying UK + herd mark + individual number.

From 2021, for pigs exported or moved to the EU or NI this tag will additionally also have 'GB' printed on it.

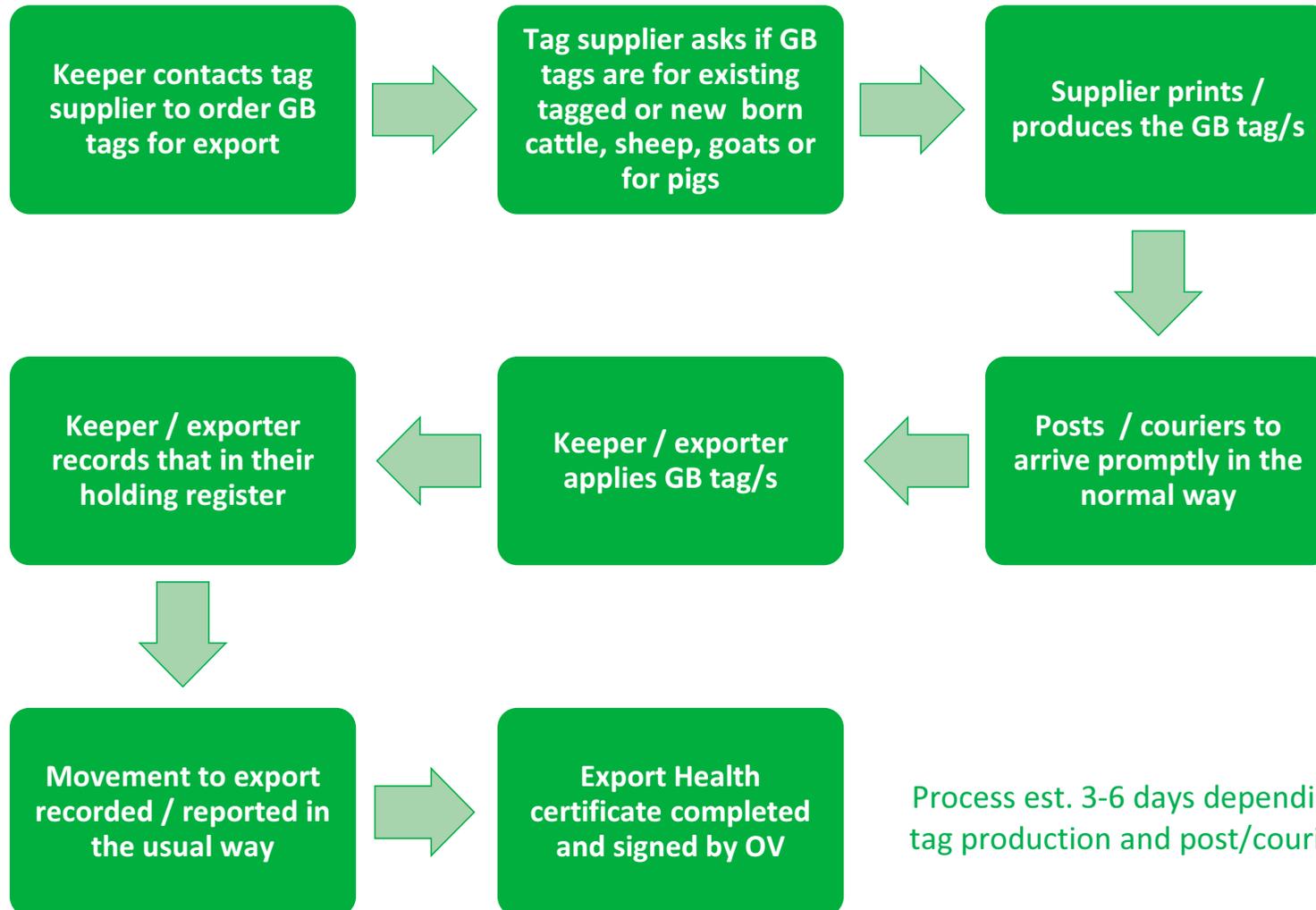


No prescription on tag type

Alternative option is a tattoo in the ear displaying the same information



Ordering GB tags – Process



Process est. 3-6 days depending on speed of tag production and post/courier service, etc.

How will exports and movements from Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland be identified?

- Exports and movements of livestock to the EU and Northern Ireland from Scotland and Wales from 2021 will be identified in the same way as those from England.
- Livestock can continue to move from Northern Ireland to Great Britain using their UK tags.
- For exports from Northern Ireland to the EU, you will need to contact DAERA.