

## Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

### Compensation for Bovine TB, BSE, Brucellosis, and Enzootic Bovine Leukosis – November 2014

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Compensation payable during **November 2014**, in England for a bovine animal compulsorily slaughtered for Bovine TB, BSE, Brucellosis and EBL disease control purposes will be as detailed below.

#### Table of Non-pedigree Bovine Categories

##### Beef Sector

Male		Female	
Age	Compensation due (£/head)	Age	Compensation due (£/head)
Up to 3 months	239	Up to 3 months	188
Over 3 months up to 6 months	624	Over 3 months up to 6 months	531
Over 6 months up to 9 months	734	Over 6 months up to 9 months	637
Over 9 months up to 12 months	877	Over 9 months up to 12 months	734
Over 12 months up to 16 months	959	Over 12 months up to 16 months	826
Over 16 months up to 20 months	1,032	Over 16 months up to 20 months (inc calved)	912
20 months and over	1,045	20 months and over	943
Breeding bulls 20 months and over	1,181	20 months and over calved	875

##### Dairy Sector

Male		Female	
Age	Compensation due (£/head)	Age	Compensation due (£/head)
Up to 3 months	49	Up to 3 months	151
Over 3 months up to 6 months	172	Over 3 months up to 6 months	236
Over 6 months up to 12 months	333	Over 6 months up to 12 months	499
Over 12 months up to 16 months	599	Over 12 months up to 16 months	674
Over 16 months up to 20 months	654	Over 16 months up to 20 months	672
20 months and over	730	Over 20 months and up to 84 months calved	1,328
		Over 20 months and up to 84 months not calved	760
		Over 84 months	669

## Table of Pedigree Bovine Categories

### Beef Sector

Male		Female	
Age	Compensation due (£/head)	Age	Compensation due (£/head)
0 months up to 6 months	*	0 months up to 6 months	*
6 months up to 12 months	1,756 **	6 months up to 12 months	1,640
Over 12 months up to 24 months	3,761	Over 12 months up to 24 months	1,558
Bull 24 months and over	2,379	24 months and over (not calved)	1,567
		Calved over 24 months and up to 36 months	1,242
		Calved 36 months and over	1,564

### Dairy Sector

Male		Female	
Age	Compensation due (£/head)	Age	Compensation due (£/head)
Up to 2 months	*	Up to 2 months	436
Over 2 months up to 12 months	*	Over 2 months up to 10 months	772
Over 12 months up to 24 months	2,176	Over 10 months up to 18 months	976
Bull 24 months and over	1,548	Over 18 months not calved	1,399
		Calved over 18 months and up to 36 months	1,747
		Calved over 36 months and up to 84 months	1,487
		Calved over 84 months	944

\* Compensation to be determined using individual valuation

\*\* Compensation to be determined using previously ascertained market price (see paragraph 6 below)

### Notes

1. The above table details the compensation payable for those animals slaughtered because they are either affected with bovine TB, BSE, Brucellosis or EBL or are suspected of having one of these diseases; or are the offspring or cohorts of confirmed BSE cases.

2. Compensation for bovine animals slaughtered for Bovine TB, EBL and Brucellosis is calculated in England under the Cattle Compensation (England) Order 2012 (based upon average livestock market prices for the relevant categories) and the Individual Ascertainment of Value (England) Order 2012. Compensation for bovine

animals slaughtered for BSE is calculated in England under the TSE (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013, in Wales under the TSE (Wales) Regulations 2008, and in Scotland under the TSE (Scotland) Regulations 2010, which use data from the same system as England.

3. Table valuations are entirely objective and based on real market data. Rates for the 51 cattle categories are determined using large amounts of contemporaneous sales data for same category, but disease free, cattle. Sales data for around 1.4m cattle is collected each year to support table valuations. For non-pedigree table values one month's sales data is used, whereas six months' data is used to determine table values for pedigree animals to ensure that data from either of the key sales periods in spring or autumn is included in the calculation.

4. The values in the table of categories above have been derived from sales information obtained from store markets, prime markets, rearing calf sales, breeding sales and dispersal sales in Great Britain between **21 September 2013 and 20 October 2014** for non-pedigree animals, and between **21 April 2014 and 20 October 2014** for pedigree animals.

5. Each calendar year, a statistical analysis of sales data collected during a twelve month period, is carried out to determine the minimum number of sales records required each month to enable Defra to have confidence in the average market price calculated for each category. This statistical data has helped Defra identify the level of variability in sales prices for each category. This intelligence is used to determine when there is insufficient data to support a table valuation for any particular category.

6. Where the Secretary of State considers that the sales data for any particular bovine category in any given month are inadequate, or such price data is unavailable, the compensation payable will either be at the level of the most recently ascertained value for the same category, or alternatively the Secretary of State may opt to pay compensation at the level of the market value of the animal in question, as ascertained under the Individual Ascertainment of Value (England) Order 2012 or the TSE (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013.

7. Where an owner slaughters an animal voluntarily and privately (which must be agreed with the Department) no compensation is payable, i.e. the owner accepts the salvage payment from the slaughterhouse in lieu of Defra compensation.

8. Compensation for may be reduced for TB reactor cattle disclosed in herds with seriously overdue TB tests.